



Roll No. ....

Total No. of Questions : 9  
(2042)

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 4

**UG (CBCS) IInd Year Annual Examination**

**2089**

**B.Sc. PHYSICS**  
**(Waves and Optics)**  
(DSC ID)/Core  
**Paper : PHYS 202 TH**

**Time : 3 Hours]**

**[Maximum Marks : 50**

**Note :-** Attempt *five* questions in all. The question paper consists of five Sections. Section A is compulsory. Sections B, C, D and E consist of *two* questions each. Select *one* question from each Section.

**Section-A**

1. Compulsory question :
- (i) What are the factors on which the natural frequency of an oscillator depend ?
  - (ii) What is the difference between positive and negative crystals ?
  - (iii) What is relaxation time and how is it related to damping coefficient ?

**CH-808**

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Turn Over

- (iv) What do you mean by induction coupling ?
- (v) What is a figure of merit of vibration ?
- (vi) Show that  $y = x^2 + c^2 t^2$  is a solution of one dimensional wave equation.
- (vii) What is the difference between normal dispersion and anomalous dispersion ? 2x7=14

**Section-B**

- 2. (a) Write the equation of motion of a damped simple harmonic system. What are the solutions of the equation ?

(b) Deduce the frequency and quality factor of a circuit with :

$L = 10 \mu\text{H}, C = 5 \mu\text{F}$  and  $R = 2 \Omega$ . 5,4

- 3. (a) Derive the expression for the time period of oscillation of two spring connected in :
  - (i) Parallel combination
  - (ii) Series combination

(b) If the displacement equation of SHM be  $x = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$ ,

show that the velocity  $v$  and acceleration  $a$  satisfy the equation  $\omega^2 v^2 + a^2 = A^2 \omega^4$ . 5,4

**CH-808** ( 2 )

- 4. (a) Show that the maximum displacement of a forced damped oscillator by a force  $F = F_0 \cos \omega t$  and having damping constant  $r$  is given by :

$$A_{\max} = \frac{F_0}{\omega' r}, \text{ where } \omega' = \sqrt{\frac{s}{m} - \frac{r^2}{4m^2}}$$

(b) The voltage of 200 V is applied to a series LCR circuit, having  $R = 20 \Omega, L = 10 \mu\text{H}$  and  $C = 0.01 \mu\text{F}$ . Calculate :

- (i) Natural frequency
  - (ii) Q value of circuit at resonance
  - (iii) Bandwidth of the circuit
5. (a) Define and explain normal co-ordinates and normal modes of vibration in coupled oscillators. 5,4
- (b) What is the difference between in phase and out of phase modes ? 5,4

**Section-D**

- 6. (a) Discuss how transverse waves are reflected and transmitted at the boundary. Find refraction and transmission coefficients.
- (b) Define phase and group velocity. Find the relation between them. 5,4

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7. (a) Derive laws of refraction from Huygen's principle.
- (b) A soap film  $6 \times 10^{-5}$  cm thick is viewed at an angle of  $30^\circ$  to the normal. Find the wavelengths of the light in the visible spectrum which will be absent from the reflected light ( $n = 1.33$ ). 5,4

**Section-E**

8. (a) Distinguish between Fresnel and Fraunhofer type diffraction. Discuss Fraunhofer diffraction at a double slit and the position of maxima and minima.
- (b) A narrow slit illuminated by light of wavelength  $6.4 \times 10^{-5}$  cm is placed at a distance 3 metres from a straight edge. If the distance between the straight edge and screen is 5 m, calculate the distance between first and fourth dark band. 5,4
9. (a) Describe the construction and working of a Nicol prism. How is it used as a polarizer and analyser ?
- (b) What is double refraction ? How will you get circularly and elliptically polarized light ? 5,4